

Comparison of Vehicle Silhouette Classification Models with Weka

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Introduction

To better understand machine learning classification techniques, problems and applications, this report will compare four classification models using Weka. The dataset I have chosen to accomplish this was developed by JP Siebert at the Turing Institute in Glasgow, Scotland: "Vehicle Silhouettes." My own interest in visual computation and analysis is the primary motivation for working with this data set. It is a clear representation of the detailed attributes needed to quantify visual objects for machine interpretation, pattern recognition, and categorization. This dataset was originally developed as a means of classifying three-dimensional objects using two-dimensional images of an object's silhouette via supervised learning. This report will detail the process and results of classifying this dataset with four machine learning algorithms via Weka: Naïve Bayes, J48, IBk, and OneR. Through comparisons of their respective accuracy, confusion matrices, and error rates, it will be possible to show which of the four models performs best as they relate to the vehicle dataset.

Classification Process

This dataset specifically seeks to categorize a vehicle into one of four classes (i.e. Opel, Saab, Bus, or Van) using measurements obtained from silhouette images of models for these vehicles. The training dataset consists of 846 total instances (Opel - 212, Saab - 217, Bus - 218, Van - 199) of features calculated using a Hierarchical Image Processing System. Scale independent features were extrapolated from these images using classical moments-based and heuristic measurements. These features make up the first 18 attributes of the data set, with the last attribute representing the vehicle class:

1. Compactness
2. Circularity
3. Distance Circularity
4. Radius Ratio
5. PR Axis Aspect Ratio
6. Max Length Aspect Ratio
7. Scatter Ratio
8. Elongatedness
9. PR Axis Rectangularity
10. Max Length Rectangularity
11. Scaled Variance Major
12. Scaled Variance Minor
13. Scaled Radius of Gyration
14. Skewness About_Major
15. Skewness About_Minor
16. Kurtosis About_Major
17. Kurtosis About_Minor
18. Hollows Ratio
19. Class

The class attribute is of most interest to this dataset. The first 18 attributes will be used in the classification model to predict which of the four categories a vehicle belongs to. To process data in Weka, it must first be cleaned and formatted properly for as a .CSV or .ARFF file. This dataset provided by the UCI Machine Learning Repository was formatted and ready to process in Weka prior to my download. However, I did need to

discretize the first 18 attributes since they were real-valued, numerical attributes. To discretize the attributes, I used default discretize options selected under the supervise folder of the filter after the dataset was loaded into Weka. (Figure 1) After discretizing the dataset, I processed the data once for each of the four classifiers used in this report. (Figures 2) I ran Naïve Bayes, J48, IBk (k=3,5, & 7), and OneR on the data with default settings, cross validation (Folds 10) for this report. (Figure 3, see Appendix for Weka output) Each classifier will be evaluated by its accuracy, overall rate of error and mean absolute error, and its confusion matrix.

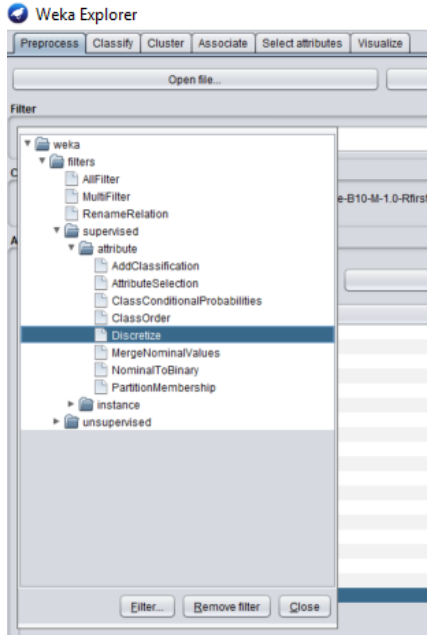


FIGURE 1 SHOWING DISCRETIZATION SELECTION FOR VEHICLE DATASET IN WEKA

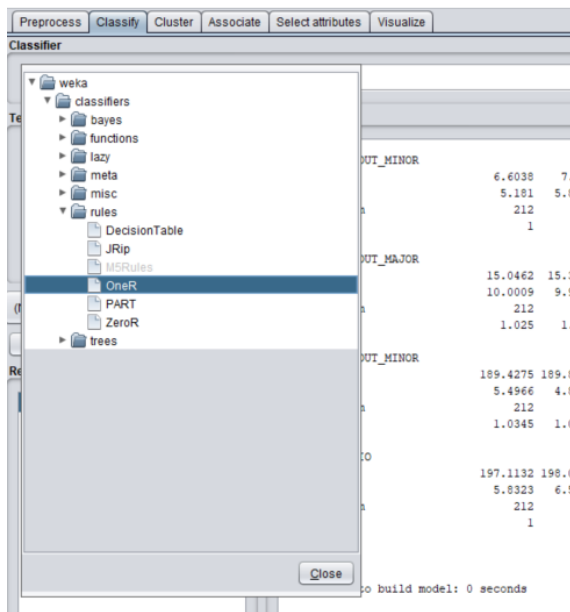


FIGURE 2 SHOWING CLASSIFIER SELECTION IN WEKA

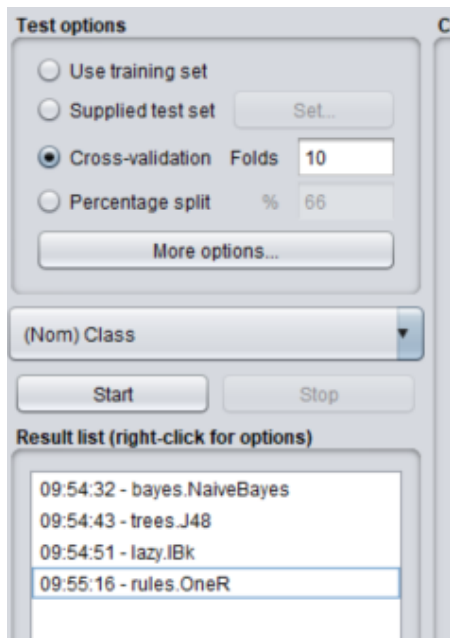


FIGURE 3 SHOWING TEST OPTIONS SELECTIONS FOR WEKA CLASSIFIERS

Weka Results

Naïve Bayes

The Naïve Bayes classifier is a probabilistic algorithm that uses Bayes' Theorem with independent, unrelated features. Naïve Bayes assumes these features do not depend on each other, yet all contribute the probability of belonging to a specific class. In the case of the vehicle dataset, although the features (e.g. the various measurements) of the models may depend on the existence of other features, they contribute to the resulting probability of a vehicle belonging to Opel, Saab, Bus, or Van independently of one another in the algorithm. (Obuandike, Isah, & Alhasan, 2015)

The Naïve Bayes classifier correctly classified 530 instances, at an accuracy rate of 62.6%, overall error rate of 37.4%, and mean absolute error 0.1897. (Table 1, Figure 4, Figure 5) The decision matrix shows the correct and incorrect classifications of each class in the dataset. (Table 2) As shown in the table and corresponding graph (Figure 6), classification accuracy for Opel was 34.9%, Naïve Bayes accuracy for "Van" is quite accurate at 97.5%. However, the distribution of the accuracy rate for each class brings the mean overall accuracy rate to 62.6%.

NAÏVE BAYES			
	Instances	Rate (%)	Mean Absolute Error
Correct	530	62.6%	0.1897
Incorrect	316	37.4%	

TABLE 1 SHOWING SUMMARY DATA FOR NAIVE BAYES

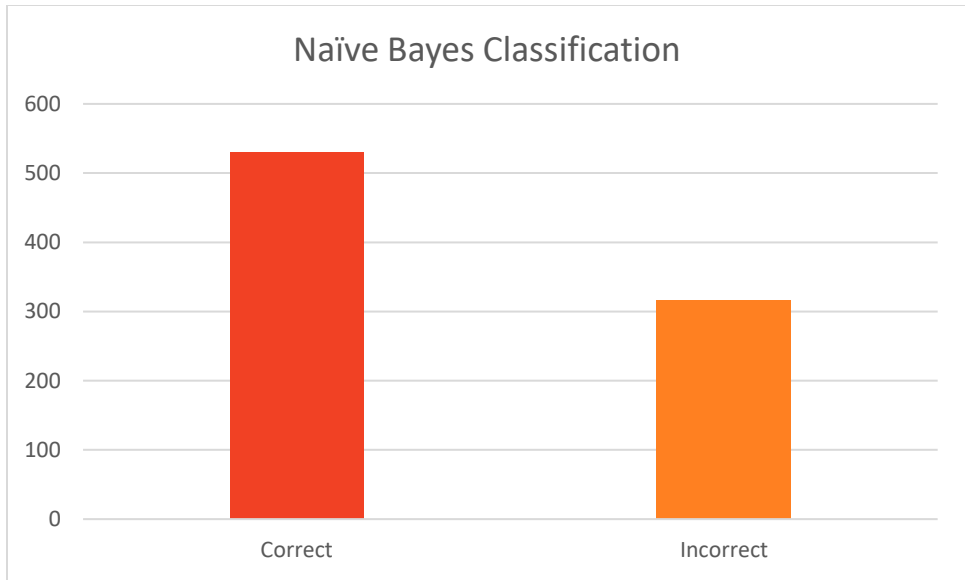


FIGURE 4 SHOWING CORRECTLY AND INCORRECTLY CLASSIFIED INSTANCES FOR NAÏVE BAYES

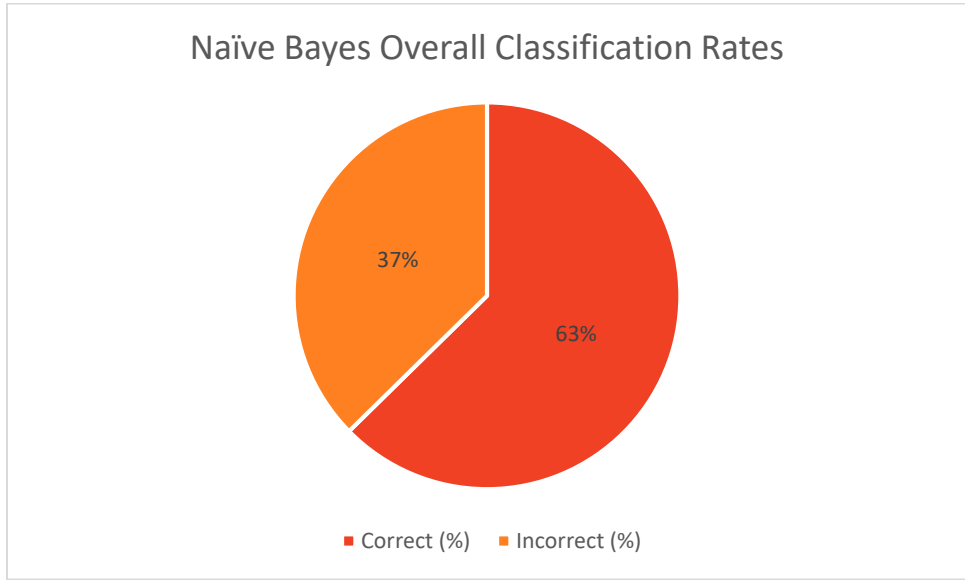


FIGURE 5 SHOWING RATE OF CORRECT (ACCURACY) AND RATE OF INCORRECT (OVERALL ERROR) OF NAÏVE BAYES

NAÏVE BAYES						
CONFUSION MATRIX		PREDICTED				ACTUAL TOTAL
		OPEL	SAAB	BUS	VAN	
ACTUAL	OPEL	74	74	13	51	212
	SAAB	42	105	16	54	217
	BUS	29	23	157	9	218
	VAN	0	0	5	194	199
PREDICTED TOTAL		145	202	191	308	846

TABLE 2 SHOWING CONFUSION MATRIX OF NAÏVE BAYES

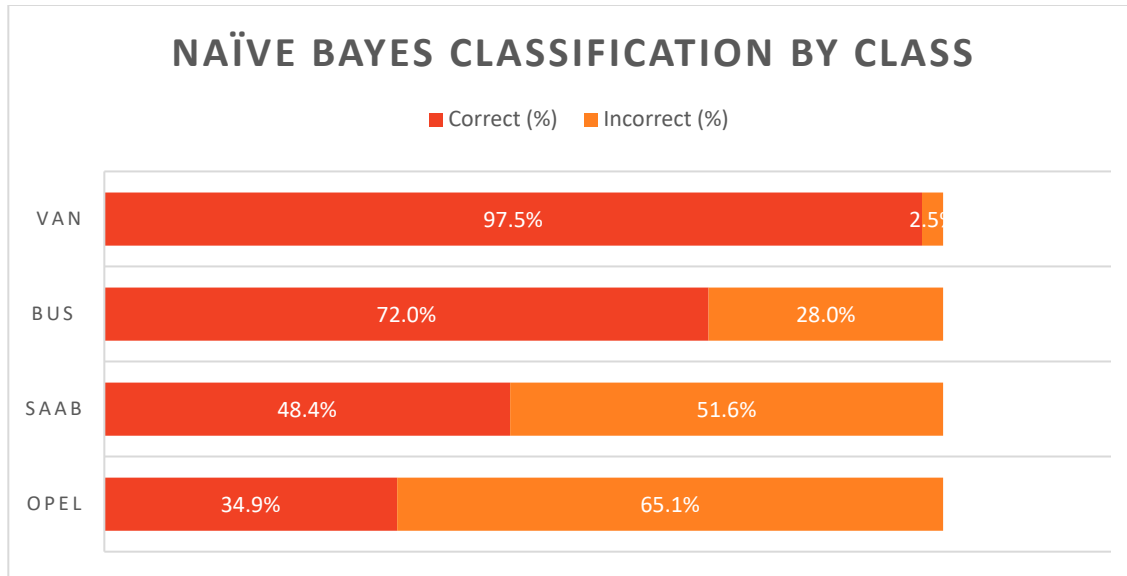


FIGURE 6 SHOWING NAÏVE BAYES RATES OF CLASSIFICATION RATES BY CLASS

J48

The J48 classifier is a decision tree classifier that builds its model using a tree structure with the following components: testing node, start node, terminal node, and branches. J48 builds the decision tree with a depth-first search process from the dataset using information gain to examine attributes and split data. The algorithm recursively executes on smaller subsets until all instances of a subset belong to the same class. The terminal node is then set in the decision tree to choose that class. J48 considers all possible tests that can split the dataset and selects a test with the best information gain. (Solanki, 2014)

The J48 classifier correctly classified 609 instances, at an accuracy rate of 72%, overall error rate of 28%, and mean absolute error 0.1553. (Table 3, Figure 7, Figure 8) The decision matrix shows the correct and incorrect classifications of each class in the dataset. (Table 4) Classification accuracy was highest for “Bus” at 90.4%, followed by “Van” at 85.4%. (Figure 9)

J48			
	Instances	Rate (%)	Mean Absolute Error
Correct	609	72.0%	0.1553
Incorrect	237	28.0%	

TABLE 3 SHOWING SUMMARY DATA FOR J48

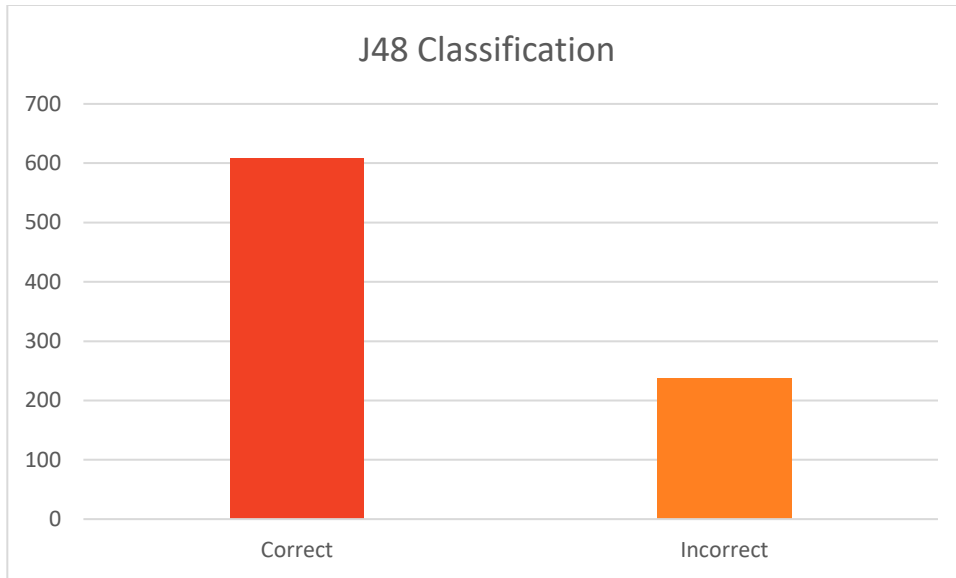


FIGURE 7 SHOWING CORRECTLY AND INCORRECTLY CLASSIFIED INSTANCES FOR J48

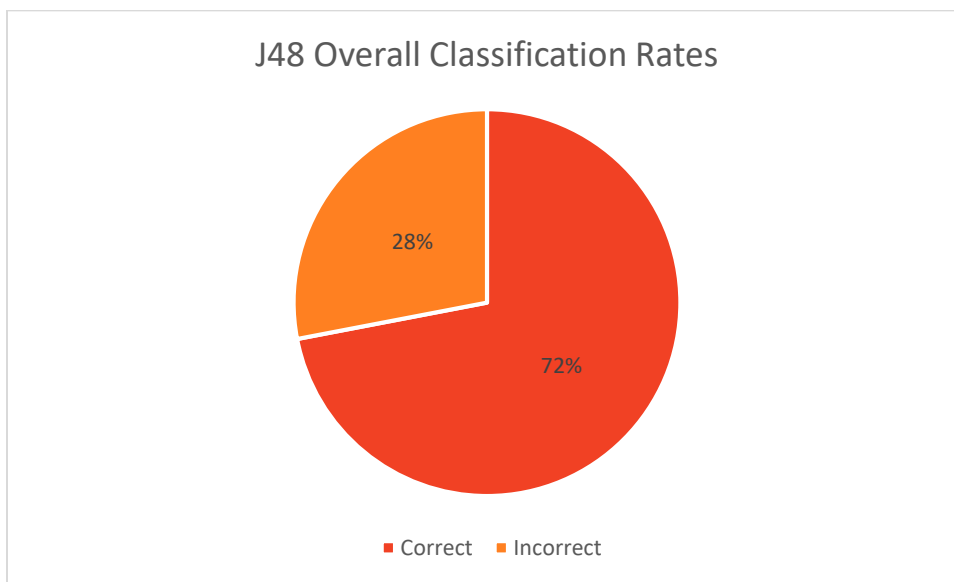


FIGURE 8 SHOWING RATE OF CORRECT (ACCURACY) AND RATE OF INCORRECT (OVERALL ERROR) OF J48

J48						
CONFUSION MATRIX		PREDICTED				ACTUAL TOTAL
		OPEL	SAAB	BUS	VAN	
ACTUAL	OPEL	123	70	9	10	212
	SAAB	72	119	9	17	217
	BUS	9	6	197	6	218
	VAN	7	15	7	170	199
PREDICTED TOTAL		211	210	222	203	846

TABLE 4 SHOWING CONFUSION MATRIX FOR J48

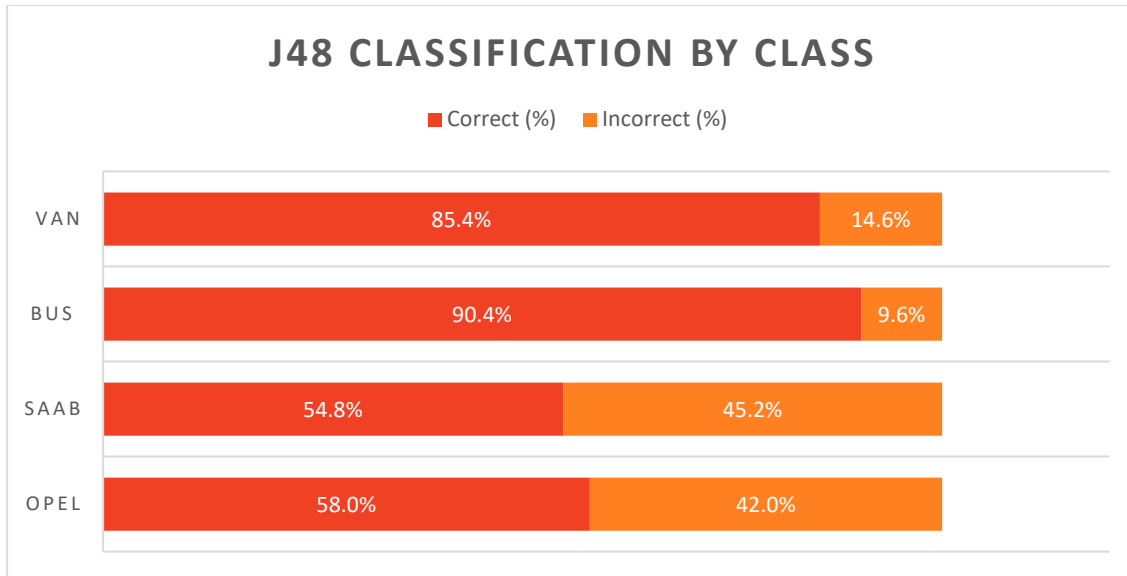


FIGURE 9 SHOWING J48 CLASSIFICATION RATES BY CLASS

IBk

The IBk classifier is an instance-based k-nearest neighbor classifier. This algorithm uses previous known data instances to predict unknown output data of a new data instance. A k-nearest neighbor classifier selects an appropriate value for k based on cross validation, or it is manually set as in this case with k=3,5, or 7. The algorithm then does distance weighting using a distance measure to find the training instance closest to a test instance, and then predicts the same class as the training instance using majority vote of the k-nearest neighbors (Mwagha, Muthoni, & Ochieg, 2014)

K = 3

With three nearest neighbors, the IBk classifier correctly classified 622 instances, at an accuracy rate of 73.5%, overall error rate of 26.5%, and mean absolute error 0.1553. (Table 5, Figure 10, Figure 11)

K = 5

With five nearest neighbors, the IBk classifier correctly classified 622 instances, at an accuracy rate of 73.5%, overall error rate of 26.5%, and mean absolute error 0.1603. (Table 5, Figure 10, Figure 12)

K = 7

With seven nearest neighbors, the IBk classifier correctly classified 611 instances, at an accuracy rate of 72.2%, overall error rate of 27.8%, and mean absolute error 0.1681. (Table 5, Figure 10, Figure 13)

Between the three nearest neighbor models, three and five nearest neighbors produces similar results. However, the mean absolute error with three nearest neighbors is slightly lower than five nearest neighbors. Given this, three nearest neighbors appears to be the best k-value for this data set. One would assume that the more neighbors calculated then the more accurate the predictions would be, but with too many neighbors data spread may cover too great of a distance and accuracy is reduced. On the other hand, data can be too noisy to produce accurate results is k is too small. (Nico, 2018) Thus it is important to find the best

value for k. In this case, it appears this slightly better, but all are very similar. (Figure 10) Although seven nearest neighbors does improve the accuracy for “Van” and “Bus.” (Figure 16)

IBk									
	k=3	k=5	k=7	k=3	k=5	k=7	k=3	k=5	k=7
	Instances			Rate (%)			Mean Absolute Error		
Correct	622	622	611	73.5%	73.5%	72.2%	0.1553	0.1603	0.1681
Incorrect	224	224	235	26.5%	26.5%	27.8%			

TABLE 5 SHOWING SUMMARY DATA FOR IBk, k= 3,5, & 7

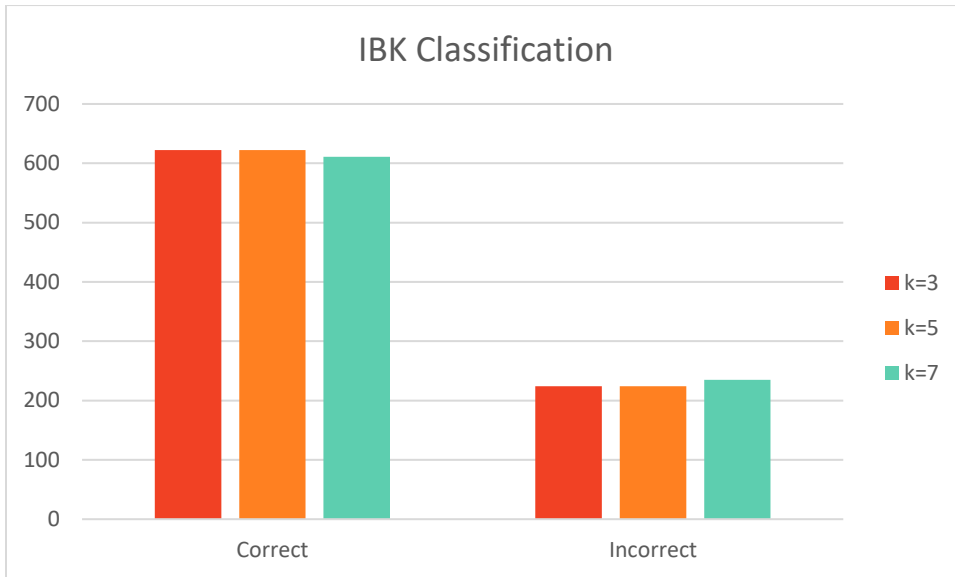


FIGURE 10 SHOWING CORRECTLY AND INCORRECTLY CLASSIFIED INSTANCE FOR IBk, k=3,5 & 7

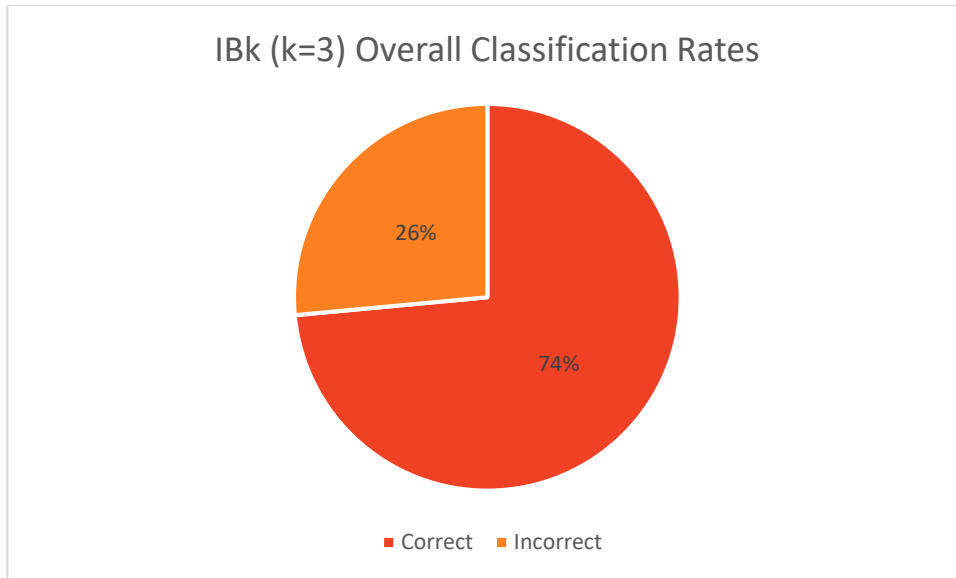


FIGURE 11 SHOWING RATE OF CORRECT (ACCURACY) AND RATE OF INCORRECT (OVERALL ERROR) OF IBk, k=3

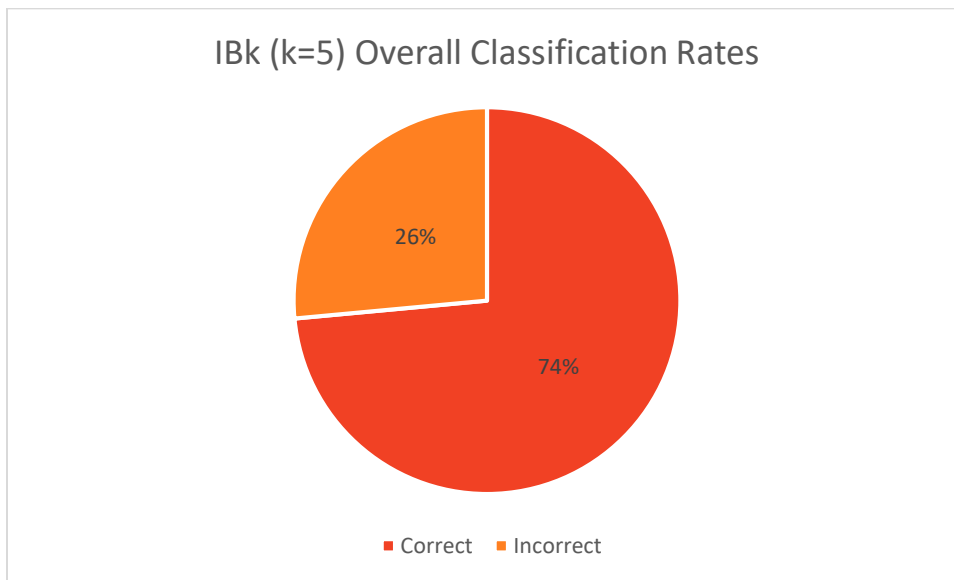


FIGURE 12 SHOWING RATE OF CORRECT (ACCURACY) AND RATE OF INCORRECT (OVERALL ERROR) OF IBk, k=5

IBk (k=7) Overall Classification Rates

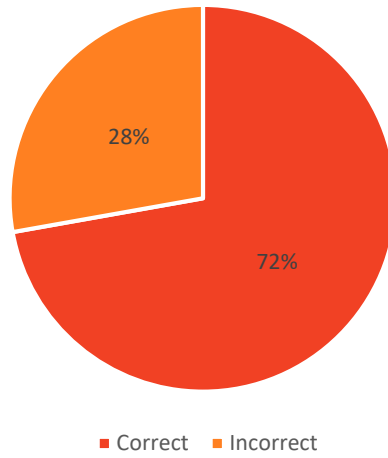


FIGURE 13 SHOWING RATE OF CORRECT (ACCURACY) AND RATE OF INCORRECT (OVERALL ERROR) OF IBk, k=7

k=3						
CONFUSION MATRIX		PREDICTED				ACTUAL TOTAL
		OPEL	SAAB	BUS	VAN	
ACTUAL	OPEL	99	90	8	15	212
	SAAB	60	123	13	21	217
	BUS	3	4	211	0	218
	VAN	2	5	3	189	199
PREDICTED TOTAL		164	222	235	225	846

TABLE 6 SHOWING IBK, k=3 CONFUSION MATRIX

k=5						
CONFUSION MATRIX		PREDICTED				ACTUAL TOTAL
		OPEL	SAAB	BUS	VAN	
ACTUAL	OPEL	93	90	12	17	212
	SAAB	53	128	15	21	217
	BUS	3	4	211	0	218
	VAN	3	4	2	190	199
PREDICTED TOTAL		152	226	240	228	846

TABLE 7 SHOWING IBK, k=5 CONFUSION MATRIX

k=7						
CONFUSION MATRIX		PREDICTED				ACTUAL TOTAL
		OPEL	SAAB	BUS	VAN	
ACTUAL	OPEL	86	90	15	21	212
	SAAB	53	124	16	24	217
	BUS	4	2	210	2	218
	VAN	2	4	2	191	199
PREDICTED TOTAL		145	220	243	238	846

TABLE 8 SHOWING IBK, K=7 CONFUSION MATRIX

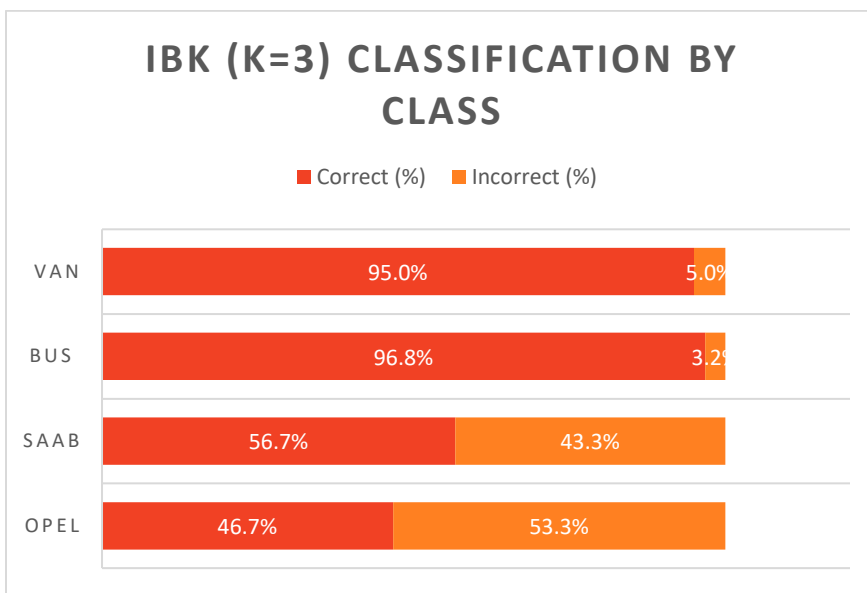


FIGURE 14 SHOWING IBK, K=3 CLASSIFICATION RATES BY CLASS

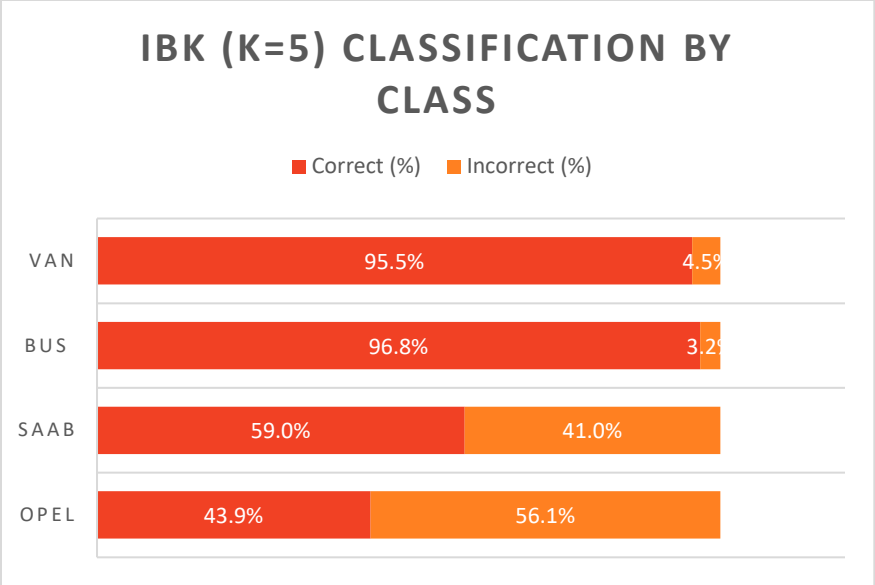


FIGURE 15 SHOWING IBK, K=5 CLASSIFICATION RATES BY CLASS

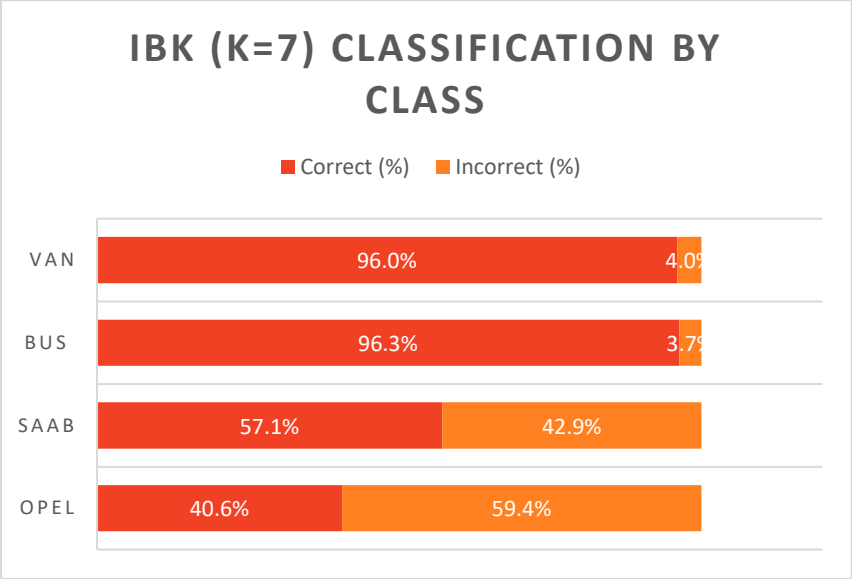


FIGURE 16 SHOWING IBK, K=7 CLASSIFICATION RATES BY CLASS

OneR

OneR stands for “One Rule.” For each attribute in the dataset, the value of each target class is counted, and the most frequent class is chosen as the predictor. Total errors of each predictor in the dataset are then calculated, and the predictor with the smallest total error is ultimately chosen as the “one rule.” OneR can only process nominal data, so as was done in this case, numeric data must be discretized before processing.

The OneR classifier correctly classified 466 instances, at an accuracy rate of 55.1%, overall error rate of 44.9%, and mean absolute error 0.2246. (Table 9, Figure 17, Figure 18) It can be observed from the confusion matrix that “Van” had the highest accuracy at 80.9%. (Table 10, Figure 19)

OneR			
	Instances	Rate (%)	Mean Absolute Error
Correct	466	55.1%	0.2246
Incorrect	380	44.9%	

TABLE 9 SHOWING SUMMARY DATA FOR ONER

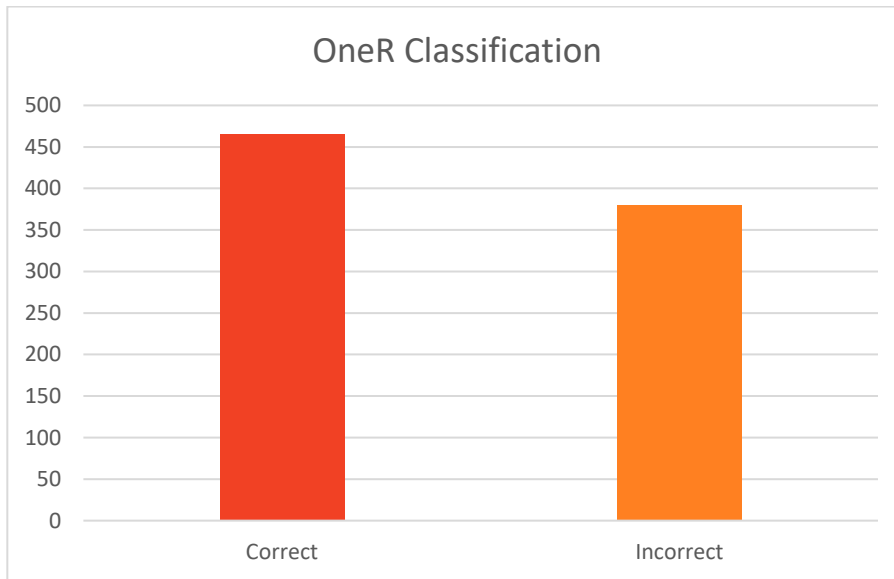


FIGURE 17 SHOWING CORRECTLY AND INCORRECTLY CLASSIFIED INSTANCE FOR ONER

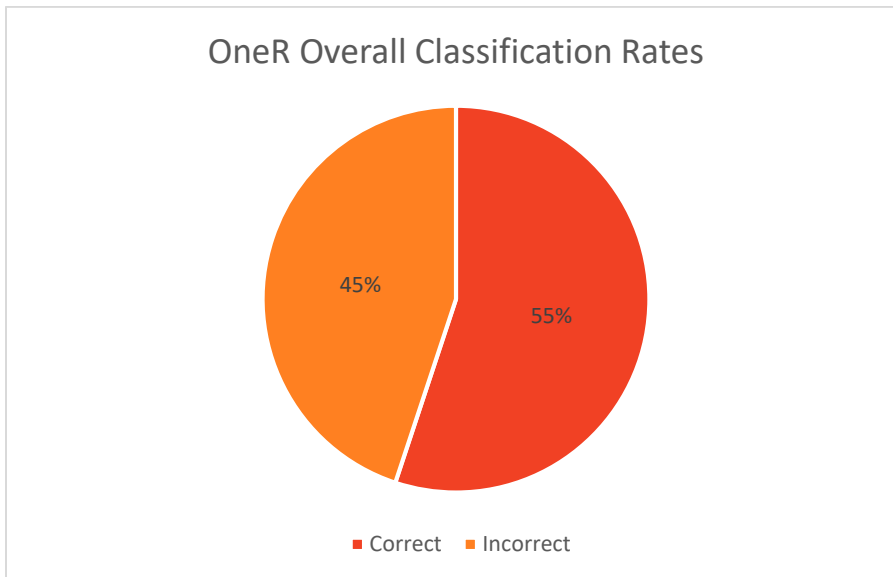


FIGURE 18 SHOWING RATE OF CORRECT (ACCURACY) AND RATE OF INCORRECT (OVERALL ERROR) OF ONER

OneR						
CONFUSION		PREDICTED				ACTUAL TOTAL
		OPEL	SAAB	BUS	VAN	
ACTUAL	OPEL	22	121	22	47	212
	SAAB	10	142	20	55	217
	BUS	2	52	141	23	218
	VAN	0	0	38	161	199
PREDICTED TOTAL		24	315	221	286	846

TABLE 10 SHOWING CONFUSION MATRIX FOR ONER

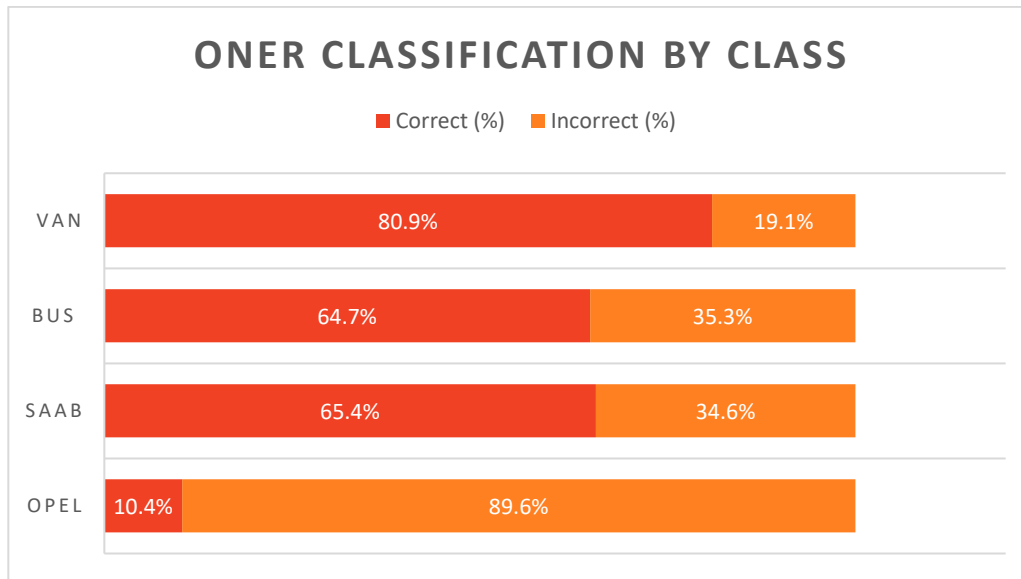


FIGURE 19 SHOWING ONER CLASSIFICATION RATES BY CLASS

Conclusion

IBk and J48 classifiers performed the best for the specified criteria of accuracy, overall error and mean absolute error rates of the four different models. IBk (k=3) slightly edges out J48 with its accuracy (Figure 20), but their mean absolute error is the same. (Figure 21) Of the four classes in the dataset, “Van” was classified with the most accuracy and “Opel” with the least accuracy over all models. Interestingly, J48 and IBk both classified “Bus” more accurately than “Van” while Naïve Bayes and OneR classified them moderately well. (Figure 22) “Bus” and “Van” being classified more accurately on those models is likely a contributing factor to them being more accurate overall than the other two models. Another surprise is the very low accuracy rate for OneR classification of “Opel” while other accuracy rates seem to be on par with other models. With the criteria of accuracy, overall error rate and mean absolute error rate considered for each classifier, it appears that IBk (k=3) is the best model of the four for this dataset.

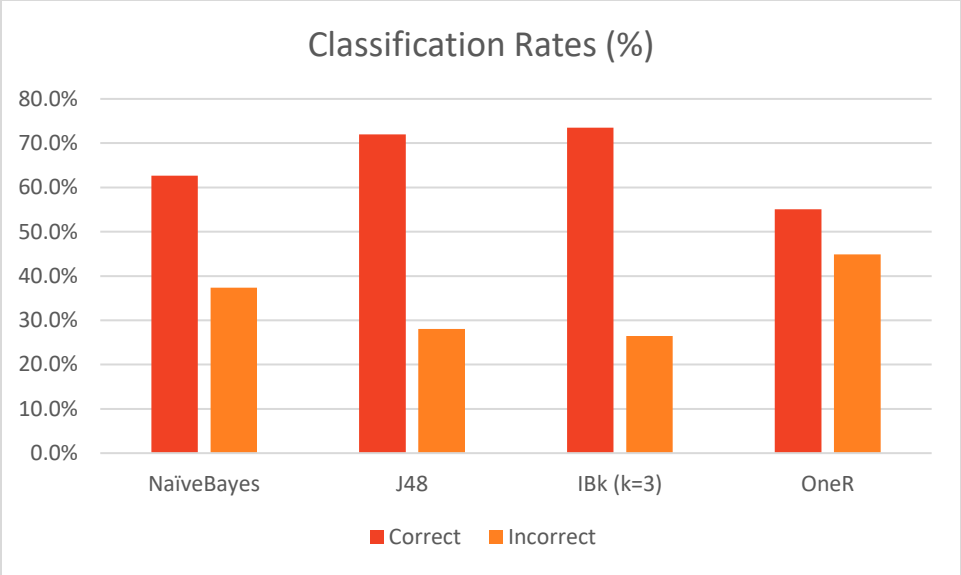


FIGURE 20 SHOWING OVERALL CLASSIFICATION RATES FOR EACH MODEL

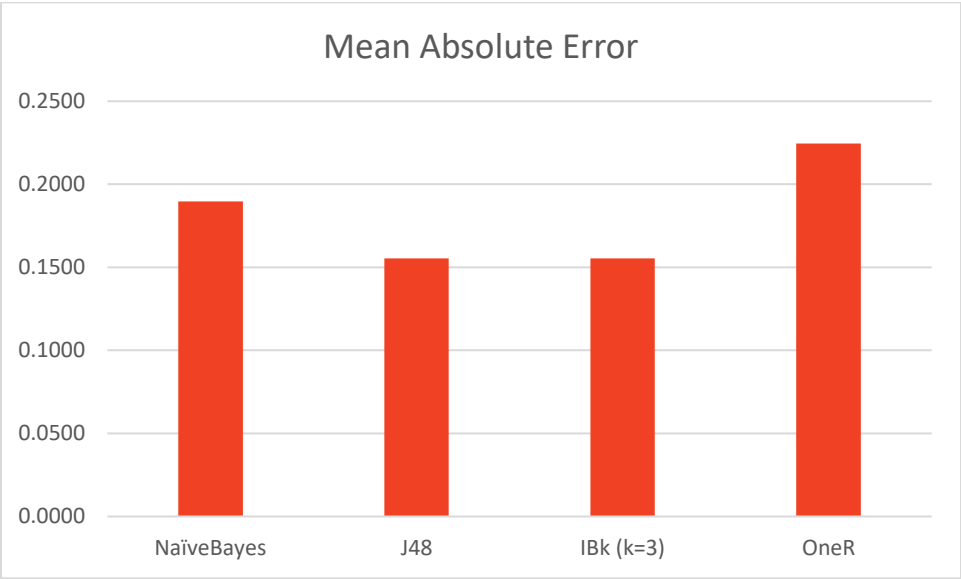


FIGURE 21 SHOWING MEAN ABSOLUTE ERROR FOR EACH MODEL

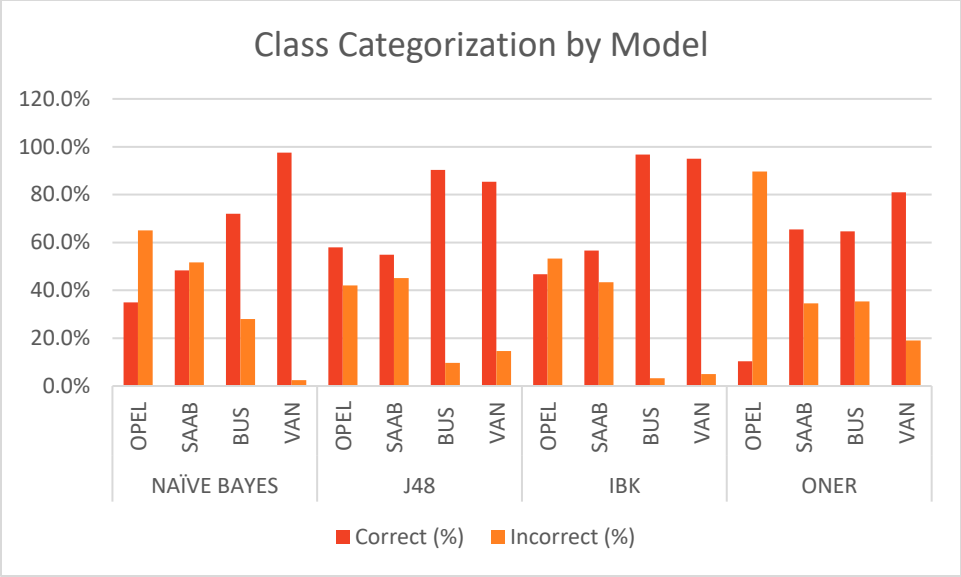


FIGURE 22 SHOWING SIDE-BY-SIDE CLASSIFICATION RESULTS FOR EACH MODEL

APPENDIX

WEKA OUTPUT

Shared Run Information:

```
Relation:      vehicle-weka.filters.supervised.attribute.Discretize-Rfirst-last-precision6
Instances:     846
Attributes:    19
              COMPACTNESS
              CIRCULARITY
              DISTANCE_CIRCULARITY
              RADIUS_RATIO
              PR.AXIS_ASPECT_RATIO
              MAX.LENGTH_ASPECT_RATIO
              SCATTER_RATIO
              ELONGATEDNESS
              PR.AXIS_RECTANGULARITY
              MAX.LENGTH_RECTANGULARITY
              SCALED_VARIANCE_MAJOR
              SCALED_VARIANCE_MINOR
              SCALED_RADIUS_OF_GYRATION
              SKEWNESS_ABOUT_MAJOR
              SKEWNESS_ABOUT_MINOR
              KURTOSIS_ABOUT_MAJOR
              KURTOSIS_ABOUT_MINOR
              HOLLOWS_RATIO
              Class
Test mode:    10-fold cross-validation
```

Naïve Bayes:

=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

Naive Bayes Classifier

Attribute	Class			
	opel (0.25)	saab (0.26)	bus (0.26)	van (0.24)
=====				
COMPACTNESS				
'(-inf-81.5]'	15.0	4.0	22.0	1.0
'(81.5-87.5]'	29.0	31.0	77.0	44.0
'(87.5-98.5]'	85.0	89.0	72.0	155.0
'(98.5-103.5]'	52.0	25.0	25.0	3.0
'(103.5-inf)'	36.0	73.0	27.0	1.0
[total]	217.0	222.0	223.0	204.0
CIRCULARITY				
'(-inf-40.5]'	65.0	75.0	29.0	76.0
'(40.5-49.5]'	62.0	60.0	152.0	124.0
'(49.5-54.5]'	47.0	75.0	23.0	2.0
'(54.5-inf)'	42.0	11.0	18.0	1.0
[total]	216.0	221.0	222.0	203.0
DISTANCE_CIRCULARITY				
'(-inf-64.5]'	15.0	25.0	12.0	48.0
'(64.5-76.5]'	37.0	31.0	141.0	62.0
'(76.5-92.5]'	52.0	55.0	36.0	92.0
'(92.5-inf)'	112.0	110.0	33.0	1.0
[total]	216.0	221.0	222.0	203.0
RADIUS_RATIO				
'(-inf-175.5]'	85.0	81.0	130.0	192.0
'(175.5-234.5]'	129.0	138.0	86.0	4.0
'(234.5-inf)'	1.0	1.0	5.0	6.0
[total]	215.0	220.0	221.0	202.0
PR.AXIS_ASPECT_RATIO				

'(-inf-52.5]'	4.0	2.0	18.0	19.0
'(52.5-68.5]'	192.0	207.0	141.0	172.0
'(68.5-86.5]'	19.0	11.0	60.0	5.0
'(86.5-inf)'	1.0	1.0	3.0	7.0
[total]	216.0	221.0	222.0	203.0
MAX.LENGTH ASPECT RATIO				
'(-inf-7.5]'	59.0	66.0	192.0	61.0
'(7.5-8.5]'	33.0	27.0	23.0	34.0
'(8.5-16]'	123.0	127.0	1.0	100.0
'(16-inf)'	1.0	1.0	6.0	8.0
[total]	216.0	221.0	222.0	203.0
SCATTER RATIO				
'(-inf-140.5]'	33.0	31.0	1.0	100.0
'(140.5-154.5]'	28.0	32.0	128.0	42.0
'(154.5-163.5]'	16.0	18.0	18.0	60.0
'(163.5-230.5]'	139.0	140.0	51.0	1.0
'(230.5-inf)'	1.0	1.0	25.0	1.0
[total]	217.0	222.0	223.0	204.0
ELONGATEDNESS				
'(-inf-29.5]'	1.0	1.0	27.0	1.0
'(29.5-41.5]'	148.0	149.0	62.0	1.0
'(41.5-44.5]'	18.0	21.0	50.0	74.0
'(44.5-46.5]'	14.0	14.0	82.0	26.0
'(46.5-inf)'	36.0	37.0	2.0	102.0
[total]	217.0	222.0	223.0	204.0
PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY				
'(-inf-18.5]'	34.0	32.0	6.0	104.0
'(18.5-19.5]'	30.0	33.0	133.0	47.0
'(19.5-20.5]'	23.0	27.0	19.0	51.0
'(20.5-25.5]'	129.0	129.0	40.0	1.0
'(25.5-inf)'	1.0	1.0	25.0	1.0
[total]	217.0	222.0	223.0	204.0
MAX.LENGTH RECTANGULARITY				
'(-inf-135.5]'	62.0	69.0	25.0	43.0
'(135.5-147.5]'	36.0	32.0	131.0	77.0
'(147.5-160.5]'	34.0	49.0	35.0	66.0
'(160.5-172.5]'	47.0	63.0	29.0	17.0
'(172.5-inf)'	38.0	9.0	3.0	1.0
[total]	217.0	222.0	223.0	204.0
SCALED VARIANCE MAJOR				
'(-inf-165.5]'	36.0	41.0	5.0	105.0
'(165.5-180.5]'	25.0	27.0	126.0	90.0
'(180.5-242]'	154.0	152.0	62.0	5.0
'(242-inf)'	1.0	1.0	29.0	3.0
[total]	216.0	221.0	222.0	203.0
SCALED VARIANCE MINOR				
'(-inf-298.5]'	35.0	35.0	1.0	100.0
'(298.5-347.5]'	23.0	21.0	116.0	39.0
'(347.5-389.5]'	14.0	22.0	24.0	63.0
'(389.5-581]'	52.0	57.0	41.0	1.0
'(581-721.5]'	71.0	87.0	13.0	1.0
'(721.5-761.5]'	23.0	1.0	3.0	1.0
'(761.5-inf)'	1.0	1.0	27.0	1.0
[total]	219.0	224.0	225.0	206.0
SCALED RADIUS OF GYRATION				
'(-inf-170.5]'	90.0	95.0	65.0	127.0
'(170.5-192.5]'	31.0	32.0	105.0	70.0
'(192.5-241.5]'	88.0	93.0	34.0	5.0
'(241.5-inf)'	7.0	1.0	18.0	1.0
[total]	216.0	221.0	222.0	203.0
SKEWNESS ABOUT MAJOR				
'(-inf-64.5]'	31.0	36.0	1.0	30.0

```

' (64.5-74.5]'          154.0  158.0   93.0  102.0
' (74.5-inf)'           30.0   26.0  127.0   70.0
[total]                 215.0  220.0  221.0  202.0

SKEWNESS ABOUT_MINOR
' (-inf-11.5]'         172.0  159.0  214.0  167.0
' (11.5-inf)'          42.0   60.0   6.0   34.0
[total]                 214.0  219.0  220.0  201.0

KURTOSIS ABOUT_MAJOR
' (-inf-17.5]'         123.0  127.0  188.0  179.0
' (17.5-inf)'           91.0   92.0   32.0   22.0
[total]                 214.0  219.0  220.0  201.0

KURTOSIS ABOUT_MINOR
' (-inf-177.5]'         6.0    1.0    1.0    4.0
' (177.5-181.5]'       13.0   18.0   70.0   13.0
' (181.5-185.5]'       22.0   17.0   36.0   60.0
' (185.5-191.5]'      112.0  117.0  34.0   59.0
' (191.5-inf)'         64.0   69.0   82.0   68.0
[total]                 217.0  222.0  223.0  204.0

HOLLOWS_RATIO
' (-inf-189.5]'        24.0   30.0  112.0   35.0
' (189.5-inf)'        190.0  189.0  108.0  166.0
[total]                 214.0  219.0  220.0  201.0

```

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===
=== Summary ===

```

Correctly Classified Instances      530           62.6478 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances    316           37.3522 %
Kappa statistic                     0.5033
Mean absolute error                 0.1897
Root mean squared error             0.3797
Relative absolute error             50.6045 %
Root relative squared error         87.6988 %
Total Number of Instances          846

```

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

Class	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area
opel	0.349	0.112	0.510	0.349	0.415	0.273	0.772	0.567
saab	0.484	0.154	0.520	0.484	0.501	0.338	0.769	0.542
bus	0.720	0.054	0.822	0.720	0.768	0.697	0.961	0.904
van	0.975	0.176	0.630	0.975	0.765	0.704	0.951	0.832
Weighted Avg.	0.626	0.123	0.621	0.626	0.610	0.500	0.862	0.710

=== Confusion Matrix ===

```

  a  b  c  d  <-- classified as
74  74  13  51 |  a = opel
42 105  16  54 |  b = saab
29  23 157   9 |  c = bus
 0   0   5 194 |  d = van

```

J48:

=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

J48 pruned tree

```

SCALED VARIANCE MAJOR = '(-inf-165.5]'
| MAX.LENGTH RECTANGULARITY = '(-inf-135.5]'
| | PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY = '(-inf-18.5]'
| | | COMPACTNESS = '(-inf-81.5]': opel (11.0)
| | | COMPACTNESS = '(81.5-87.5]'
| | | | KURTOSIS ABOUT_MINOR = '(-inf-177.5]': opel (1.0)
| | | | KURTOSIS ABOUT_MINOR = '(177.5-181.5]': saab (16.0/7.0)
| | | | KURTOSIS ABOUT_MINOR = '(181.5-185.5]'
| | | | | SKEWNESS ABOUT_MAJOR = '(-inf-64.5]': opel (0.0)
| | | | | SKEWNESS ABOUT_MAJOR = '(64.5-74.5]'
| | | | | | HOLLOWS RATIO = '(-inf-189.5]': saab (2.0)
| | | | | | HOLLOWS RATIO = '(189.5-inf)': opel (4.0)
| | | | | | SKEWNESS ABOUT_MAJOR = '(74.5-inf)'
| | | | | | KURTOSIS ABOUT_MAJOR = '(-inf-17.5]': van (3.0/1.0)
| | | | | | KURTOSIS ABOUT_MAJOR = '(17.5-inf)': opel (2.0/1.0)
| | | | | KURTOSIS ABOUT_MINOR = '(185.5-191.5]': saab (12.0/7.0)
| | | | | KURTOSIS ABOUT_MINOR = '(191.5-inf)': van (9.0/1.0)
| | | COMPACTNESS = '(87.5-98.5]'
| | | | MAX.LENGTH ASPECT RATIO = '(-inf-7.5]'
| | | | | DISTANCE CIRCULARITY = '(-inf-64.5]'
| | | | | | SKEWNESS ABOUT_MINOR = '(-inf-11.5]': van (10.0/2.0)
| | | | | | SKEWNESS ABOUT_MINOR = '(11.5-inf)': saab (6.0/2.0)
| | | | | DISTANCE CIRCULARITY = '(64.5-76.5]': opel (12.0/6.0)
| | | | | DISTANCE CIRCULARITY = '(76.5-92.5]': opel (1.0)
| | | | | DISTANCE CIRCULARITY = '(92.5-inf)': van (0.0)
| | | | MAX.LENGTH ASPECT RATIO = '(7.5-8.5]': van (4.0)
| | | | MAX.LENGTH ASPECT RATIO = '(8.5-16]': van (2.0)
| | | | MAX.LENGTH ASPECT RATIO = '(16-inf)': van (0.0)
| | | COMPACTNESS = '(98.5-103.5]': van (0.0)
| | | COMPACTNESS = '(103.5-inf)': van (0.0)
| | PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY = '(18.5-19.5]': saab (7.0/1.0)
| | PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY = '(19.5-20.5]': van (0.0)
| | PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY = '(20.5-25.5]': van (0.0)
| | PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY = '(25.5-inf)': van (0.0)
| MAX.LENGTH RECTANGULARITY = '(135.5-147.5]'
| SCATTER RATIO = '(-inf-140.5]': van (58.0/6.0)
| SCATTER RATIO = '(140.5-154.5]'
| | PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY = '(-inf-18.5]': bus (5.0/1.0)
| | PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY = '(18.5-19.5]'
| | | MAX.LENGTH ASPECT RATIO = '(-inf-7.5]': saab (3.0)
| | | MAX.LENGTH ASPECT RATIO = '(7.5-8.5]': opel (2.0/1.0)
| | | MAX.LENGTH ASPECT RATIO = '(8.5-16]': van (6.0)
| | | MAX.LENGTH ASPECT RATIO = '(16-inf)': van (0.0)
| | PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY = '(19.5-20.5]': van (0.0)
| | PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY = '(20.5-25.5]': van (0.0)
| | PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY = '(25.5-inf)': van (0.0)
| SCATTER RATIO = '(154.5-163.5]': van (0.0)
| SCATTER RATIO = '(163.5-230.5]': van (0.0)
| SCATTER RATIO = '(230.5-inf)': van (0.0)
| MAX.LENGTH RECTANGULARITY = '(147.5-160.5]': van (7.0)
| MAX.LENGTH RECTANGULARITY = '(160.5-172.5]': van (0.0)
| MAX.LENGTH RECTANGULARITY = '(172.5-inf)': van (0.0)
SCALED VARIANCE MAJOR = '(165.5-180.5]'
| MAX.LENGTH ASPECT RATIO = '(-inf-7.5]'
| | SCATTER RATIO = '(-inf-140.5]': van (5.0/1.0)
| | SCATTER RATIO = '(140.5-154.5]'
| | | SKEWNESS ABOUT_MINOR = '(-inf-11.5]'
| | | | DISTANCE CIRCULARITY = '(-inf-64.5]': bus (9.0/1.0)
| | | | DISTANCE CIRCULARITY = '(64.5-76.5]'
| | | | | CIRCULARITY = '(-inf-40.5]'
| | | | | SKEWNESS ABOUT_MAJOR = '(-inf-64.5]': opel (2.0)
| | | | | SKEWNESS ABOUT_MAJOR = '(64.5-74.5]': bus (13.0/1.0)
| | | | | SKEWNESS ABOUT_MAJOR = '(74.5-inf)': saab (3.0)
| | | CIRCULARITY = '(40.5-49.5]': bus (74.0)

```

```

| | | | | CIRCULARITY = '(49.5-54.5]': bus (0.0)
| | | | | CIRCULARITY = '(54.5-inf)': bus (0.0)
| | | | | DISTANCE CIRCULARITY = '(76.5-92.5]': opel (11.0/4.0)
| | | | | DISTANCE CIRCULARITY = '(92.5-inf)': bus (0.0)
| | | | | SKEWNESS ABOUT_MINOR = '(11.5-inf)'
| | | | | SCALED_RADIUS_OF_GYRATION = '(-inf-170.5]': opel (9.0/2.0)
| | | | | SCALED_RADIUS_OF_GYRATION = '(170.5-192.5]': saab (5.0/3.0)
| | | | | SCALED_RADIUS_OF_GYRATION = '(192.5-241.5]': opel (0.0)
| | | | | SCALED_RADIUS_OF_GYRATION = '(241.5-inf)': opel (0.0)
| | | SCATTER_RATIO = '(154.5-163.5]'
| | | | | PR_AXIS_ASPECT_RATIO = '(-inf-52.5]': bus (0.0)
| | | | | PR_AXIS_ASPECT_RATIO = '(52.5-68.5]': saab (3.0/1.0)
| | | | | PR_AXIS_ASPECT_RATIO = '(68.5-86.5]': bus (7.0)
| | | | | PR_AXIS_ASPECT_RATIO = '(86.5-inf)': bus (0.0)
| | | SCATTER_RATIO = '(163.5-230.5]': bus (0.0)
| | | SCATTER_RATIO = '(230.5-inf)': bus (0.0)
| | MAX_LENGTH_ASPECT_RATIO = '(7.5-8.5]'
| | | | | HOLLOWES_RATIO = '(-inf-189.5]': bus (18.0/1.0)
| | | | | HOLLOWES_RATIO = '(189.5-inf)'
| | | | | PR_AXIS_RECTANGULARITY = '(-inf-18.5]': van (5.0)
| | | | | PR_AXIS_RECTANGULARITY = '(18.5-19.5]'
| | | | | PR_AXIS_ASPECT_RATIO = '(-inf-52.5]': saab (0.0)
| | | | | PR_AXIS_ASPECT_RATIO = '(52.5-68.5]'
| | | | | | | SCALED_RADIUS_OF_GYRATION = '(-inf-170.5]'
| | | | | | | | | ELONGATEDNESS = '(-inf-29.5]': saab (0.0)
| | | | | | | | | ELONGATEDNESS = '(29.5-41.5]': saab (0.0)
| | | | | | | | | ELONGATEDNESS = '(41.5-44.5]': saab (10.0/3.0)
| | | | | | | | | ELONGATEDNESS = '(44.5-46.5]': opel (4.0/1.0)
| | | | | | | | | ELONGATEDNESS = '(46.5-inf)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | | | | | SCALED_RADIUS_OF_GYRATION = '(170.5-192.5]': bus (2.0/1.0)
| | | | | | | | | SCALED_RADIUS_OF_GYRATION = '(192.5-241.5]': saab (0.0)
| | | | | | | | | SCALED_RADIUS_OF_GYRATION = '(241.5-inf)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | | | | | PR_AXIS_ASPECT_RATIO = '(68.5-86.5]': bus (2.0)
| | | | | | | | | PR_AXIS_ASPECT_RATIO = '(86.5-inf)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | | | | | PR_AXIS_RECTANGULARITY = '(19.5-20.5]': van (0.0)
| | | | | | | | | PR_AXIS_RECTANGULARITY = '(20.5-25.5]': van (0.0)
| | | | | | | | | PR_AXIS_RECTANGULARITY = '(25.5-inf)': van (0.0)
| | | MAX_LENGTH_ASPECT_RATIO = '(8.5-16]'
| | | | | SKEWNESS_ABOUT_MAJOR = '(-inf-64.5]': saab (3.0)
| | | | | SKEWNESS_ABOUT_MAJOR = '(64.5-74.5]': van (47.0)
| | | | | SKEWNESS_ABOUT_MAJOR = '(74.5-inf)': van (30.0)
| | | MAX_LENGTH_ASPECT_RATIO = '(16-inf)': bus (2.0)
| | SCALED_VARIANCE_MAJOR = '(180.5-242]'
| | | | | MAX_LENGTH_ASPECT_RATIO = '(-inf-7.5]'
| | | | | SKEWNESS_ABOUT_MINOR = '(-inf-11.5]'
| | | | | PR_AXIS_ASPECT_RATIO = '(-inf-52.5]': bus (1.0)
| | | | | PR_AXIS_ASPECT_RATIO = '(52.5-68.5]'
| | | | | | | SKEWNESS_ABOUT_MAJOR = '(-inf-64.5]': bus (0.0)
| | | | | | | SKEWNESS_ABOUT_MAJOR = '(64.5-74.5]'
| | | | | | | | | KURTOSIS_ABOUT_MINOR = '(-inf-177.5]': saab (0.0)
| | | | | | | | | KURTOSIS_ABOUT_MINOR = '(177.5-181.5]': saab (0.0)
| | | | | | | | | KURTOSIS_ABOUT_MINOR = '(181.5-185.5]': opel (1.0)
| | | | | | | | | KURTOSIS_ABOUT_MINOR = '(185.5-191.5]'
| | | | | | | | | RADIUS_RATIO = '(-inf-175.5]': saab (6.0)
| | | | | | | | | RADIUS_RATIO = '(175.5-234.5]'
| | | | | | | | | | | CIRCULARITY = '(-inf-40.5]': opel (2.0)
| | | | | | | | | | | CIRCULARITY = '(40.5-49.5]': saab (2.0)
| | | | | | | | | | | CIRCULARITY = '(49.5-54.5]': opel (1.0)
| | | | | | | | | | | CIRCULARITY = '(54.5-inf)': opel (0.0)
| | | | | | | | | | | RADIUS_RATIO = '(234.5-inf)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | | | | | KURTOSIS_ABOUT_MINOR = '(191.5-inf)'
| | | | | | | | | | | PR_AXIS_RECTANGULARITY = '(-inf-18.5]': bus (0.0)
| | | | | | | | | | | PR_AXIS_RECTANGULARITY = '(18.5-19.5]': bus (1.0)
| | | | | | | | | | | PR_AXIS_RECTANGULARITY = '(19.5-20.5]'
| | | | | | | | | | | | | DISTANCE_CIRCULARITY = '(-inf-64.5]': opel (0.0)
| | | | | | | | | | | | | DISTANCE_CIRCULARITY = '(64.5-76.5]': bus (4.0/1.0)
| | | | | | | | | | | | | DISTANCE_CIRCULARITY = '(76.5-92.5]'
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | SCALED_VARIANCE_MINOR = '(-inf-298.5]': saab (0.0)
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | SCALED_VARIANCE_MINOR = '(298.5-347.5]': saab (0.0)
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | SCALED_VARIANCE_MINOR = '(347.5-389.5]': saab (2.0)
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | SCALED_VARIANCE_MINOR = '(389.5-581]': opel (3.0/1.0)

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| | | | | | | SCALED VARIANCE_MINOR = '(581-721.5)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | | | SCALED VARIANCE_MINOR = '(721.5-761.5)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | | | SCALED VARIANCE_MINOR = '(761.5-inf)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | | | DISTANCE CIRCULARITY = '(92.5-inf)': opel (0.0)
| | | | | | | PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY = '(20.5-25.5)': bus (11.0/2.0)
| | | | | | | PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY = '(25.5-inf)': bus (0.0)
| | | | | | | SKEWNESS ABOUT_MAJOR = '(74.5-inf)': bus (13.0)
| | | | | | PR.AXIS ASPECT RATIO = '(68.5-86.5)': bus (29.0)
| | | | | | PR.AXIS ASPECT RATIO = '(86.5-inf)': bus (0.0)
| | | | | | SKEWNESS ABOUT_MINOR = '(11.5-inf)'
| | | | | | PR.AXIS ASPECT RATIO = '(-inf-52.5)': opel (0.0)
| | | | | | PR.AXIS ASPECT RATIO = '(52.5-68.5)': opel (5.0)
| | | | | | PR.AXIS ASPECT RATIO = '(68.5-86.5)': bus (2.0)
| | | | | | PR.AXIS ASPECT RATIO = '(86.5-inf)': opel (0.0)
| | | | | MAX.LENGTH ASPECT RATIO = '(7.5-8.5)': opel (36.0/15.0)
| | | | | MAX.LENGTH ASPECT RATIO = '(8.5-16]'
| | | | | SCALED VARIANCE_MINOR = '(-inf-298.5)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | SCALED VARIANCE_MINOR = '(298.5-347.5)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | SCALED VARIANCE_MINOR = '(347.5-389.5)': opel (1.0)
| | | | | SCALED VARIANCE_MINOR = '(389.5-581]'
| | | | | SCATTER RATIO = '(-inf-140.5)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | SCATTER RATIO = '(140.5-154.5)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | SCATTER RATIO = '(154.5-163.5)': saab (2.0)
| | | | | SCATTER RATIO = '(163.5-230.5]'
| | | | | SCALED RADIUS OF GYRATION = '(-inf-170.5]'
| | | | | SKEWNESS ABOUT_MAJOR = '(-inf-64.5)': saab (12.0/3.0)
| | | | | SKEWNESS ABOUT_MAJOR = '(64.5-74.5]'
| | | | | PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY = '(-inf-18.5)': opel (0.0)
| | | | | PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY = '(18.5-19.5)': opel (0.0)
| | | | | PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY = '(19.5-20.5)': opel (2.0)
| | | | | PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY = '(20.5-25.5]'
| | | | | CIRCULARITY = '(-inf-40.5)': saab (3.0)
| | | | | CIRCULARITY = '(40.5-49.5)': opel (12.0/4.0)
| | | | | CIRCULARITY = '(49.5-54.5)': opel (0.0)
| | | | | CIRCULARITY = '(54.5-inf)': opel (0.0)
| | | | | PR.AXIS RECTANGULARITY = '(25.5-inf)': opel (0.0)
| | | | | SKEWNESS ABOUT_MAJOR = '(74.5-inf)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | SCALED RADIUS OF GYRATION = '(170.5-192.5]'
| | | | | SKEWNESS ABOUT_MINOR = '(-inf-11.5]'
| | | | | KURTOSIS ABOUT_MAJOR = '(-inf-17.5)': opel (3.0)
| | | | | KURTOSIS ABOUT_MAJOR = '(17.5-inf)': saab (3.0/1.0)
| | | | | SKEWNESS ABOUT_MINOR = '(11.5-inf)': saab (6.0/2.0)
| | | | | SCALED RADIUS OF GYRATION = '(192.5-241.5]'
| | | | | KURTOSIS ABOUT_MAJOR = '(-inf-17.5]'
| | | | | CIRCULARITY = '(-inf-40.5)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | CIRCULARITY = '(40.5-49.5)': opel (4.0/1.0)
| | | | | CIRCULARITY = '(49.5-54.5]'
| | | | | MAX.LENGTH RECTANGULARITY = '(-inf-135.5)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | MAX.LENGTH RECTANGULARITY = '(135.5-147.5)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | MAX.LENGTH RECTANGULARITY = '(147.5-160.5)': saab (7.0/1.0)
| | | | | MAX.LENGTH RECTANGULARITY = '(160.5-172.5]'
| | | | | KURTOSIS ABOUT_MINOR = '(-inf-177.5)': opel (0.0)
| | | | | KURTOSIS ABOUT_MINOR = '(177.5-181.5)': opel (0.0)
| | | | | KURTOSIS ABOUT_MINOR = '(181.5-185.5)': opel (0.0)
| | | | | KURTOSIS ABOUT_MINOR = '(185.5-191.5)': opel (3.0)
| | | | | KURTOSIS ABOUT_MINOR = '(191.5-inf)'
| | | | | COMPACTNESS = '(-inf-81.5)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | COMPACTNESS = '(81.5-87.5)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | COMPACTNESS = '(87.5-98.5)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | COMPACTNESS = '(98.5-103.5)': saab (2.0)
| | | | | COMPACTNESS = '(103.5-inf)': opel (3.0/1.0)
| | | | | MAX.LENGTH RECTANGULARITY = '(172.5-inf)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | CIRCULARITY = '(54.5-inf)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | KURTOSIS ABOUT_MAJOR = '(17.5-inf)': saab (3.0)
| | | | | SCALED RADIUS OF GYRATION = '(241.5-inf)': opel (1.0)
| | | | | SCATTER RATIO = '(230.5-inf)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | SCALED VARIANCE_MINOR = '(581-721.5]'
| | | | | COMPACTNESS = '(-inf-81.5)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | COMPACTNESS = '(81.5-87.5)': saab (0.0)
| | | | | COMPACTNESS = '(87.5-98.5)': opel (20.0/5.0)
| | | | | COMPACTNESS = '(98.5-103.5)': opel (41.0/14.0)

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| | | COMPACTNESS = '(103.5-inf)'
| | | | CIRCULARITY = '(-inf-40.5]': saab (0.0)
| | | | CIRCULARITY = '(40.5-49.5]': saab (12.0/3.0)
| | | | CIRCULARITY = '(49.5-54.5]': saab (65.0/12.0)
| | | | CIRCULARITY = '(54.5-inf)': opel (16.0/5.0)
| | | SCALED VARIANCE_MINOR = '(721.5-761.5]': opel (22.0)
| | | SCALED VARIANCE_MINOR = '(761.5-inf)': saab (0.0)
| | MAX.LENGTH ASPECT RATIO = '(16-inf)'
| | | HOLLOWS RATIO = '(-inf-189.5]': bus (3.0)
| | | HOLLOWS RATIO = '(189.5-inf)': van (4.0)
SCALED VARIANCE_MAJOR = '(242-inf)'
| | | HOLLOWS RATIO = '(-inf-189.5]': bus (28.0)
| | | HOLLOWS RATIO = '(189.5-inf)': van (2.0)

```

Number of Leaves : 164

Size of the tree : 220

Time taken to build model: 0.02 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===

=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances	609	71.9858 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances	237	28.0142 %
Kappa statistic	0.6264	
Mean absolute error	0.1553	
Root mean squared error	0.3191	
Relative absolute error	41.4218 %	
Root relative squared error	73.7129 %	
Total Number of Instances	846	

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

Class	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area
opel	0.580	0.139	0.583	0.580	0.582	0.442	0.819	0.602
saab	0.548	0.145	0.567	0.548	0.557	0.408	0.814	0.564
bus	0.904	0.040	0.887	0.904	0.895	0.859	0.953	0.890
van	0.854	0.051	0.837	0.854	0.846	0.798	0.956	0.850
Weighted Avg.	0.720	0.094	0.717	0.720	0.718	0.624	0.884	0.725

=== Confusion Matrix ===

```

a  b  c  d  <-- classified as
123 70  9 10 | a = opel
 72 119  9 17 | b = saab
  9  6 197  6 | c = bus
  7 15  7 170 | d = van

```

IBk:

K = 3

=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

IB1 instance-based classifier
using 3 nearest neighbour(s) for classification

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===

=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances	622	73.5225 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances	224	26.4775 %
Kappa statistic	0.647	
Mean absolute error	0.1553	
Root mean squared error	0.3019	
Relative absolute error	41.4415 %	
Root relative squared error	69.7255 %	
Total Number of Instances	846	

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

Class	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area
opel	0.467	0.103	0.604	0.467	0.527	0.400	0.831	0.607
saab	0.567	0.157	0.554	0.567	0.560	0.406	0.822	0.588
bus	0.968	0.038	0.898	0.968	0.932	0.908	0.992	0.966
van	0.950	0.056	0.840	0.950	0.892	0.858	0.987	0.956
Weighted Avg.	0.735	0.089	0.722	0.735	0.725	0.640	0.907	0.777

=== Confusion Matrix ===

```
  a  b  c  d  <-- classified as
99 90  8 15 |  a = opel
60 123 13 21 |  b = saab
 3  4 211  0 |  c = bus
 2  5  3 189 |  d = van
```

K = 5

=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

IB1 instance-based classifier
using 5 nearest neighbour(s) for classification

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===

=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances	622	73.5225 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances	224	26.4775 %
Kappa statistic	0.6469	
Mean absolute error	0.1603	
Root mean squared error	0.2942	
Relative absolute error	42.766 %	
Root relative squared error	67.9659 %	
Total Number of Instances	846	

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

Class	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area
opel	0.439	0.093	0.612	0.439	0.511	0.390	0.846	0.644
saab	0.590	0.156	0.566	0.590	0.578	0.428	0.838	0.620
bus	0.968	0.046	0.879	0.968	0.921	0.894	0.991	0.969
van	0.955	0.059	0.833	0.955	0.890	0.857	0.988	0.960
Weighted Avg.	0.735	0.089	0.721	0.735	0.723	0.640	0.915	0.796

=== Confusion Matrix ===

```

  a  b  c  d  <-- classified as
93 90 12 17 |  a = opel
53 128 15 21 |  b = saab
 3   4 211  0 |  c = bus
 3   4   2 190 |  d = van

```

K = 7

=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

IB1 instance-based classifier
using 7 nearest neighbour(s) for classification

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===

=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances	611	72.2222 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances	235	27.7778 %
Kappa statistic	0.6297	
Mean absolute error	0.1681	
Root mean squared error	0.297	
Relative absolute error	44.8453 %	
Root relative squared error	68.5924 %	
Total Number of Instances	846	

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

Class	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area
opel	0.406	0.093	0.593	0.406	0.482	0.359	0.844	0.639
saab	0.571	0.153	0.564	0.571	0.568	0.417	0.836	0.624
bus	0.963	0.053	0.864	0.963	0.911	0.880	0.989	0.965
van	0.960	0.073	0.803	0.960	0.874	0.837	0.986	0.957
Weighted Avg.	0.722	0.093	0.705	0.722	0.707	0.621	0.913	0.794

=== Confusion Matrix ===

```

  a  b  c  d  <-- classified as
86 90 15 21 |  a = opel
53 124 16 24 |  b = saab
 4   2 210  2 |  c = bus
 2   4   2 191 |  d = van

```

OneR:

=== Classifier model (full training set) ===

```

SCALED VARIANCE_MINOR:
'(-inf-298.5]' -> van
'(298.5-347.5]' -> bus

```

```

'(347.5-389.5]'      -> van
'(389.5-581]'      -> saab
'(581-721.5]'      -> saab
'(721.5-761.5]'    -> opel
'(761.5-inf)'      -> bus
(466/846 instances correct)

```

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===
=== Summary ===

```

Correctly Classified Instances      466          55.0827 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances    380          44.9173 %
Kappa statistic                     0.4015
Mean absolute error                 0.2246
Root mean squared error             0.4739
Relative absolute error             59.9144 %
Root relative squared error        109.4658 %
Total Number of Instances          846

```

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

Class	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	MCC	ROC Area	PRC Area
opel	0.104	0.003	0.917	0.104	0.186	0.263	0.550	0.320
saab	0.654	0.275	0.451	0.654	0.534	0.343	0.690	0.384
bus	0.647	0.127	0.638	0.647	0.642	0.517	0.760	0.504
van	0.809	0.193	0.563	0.809	0.664	0.552	0.808	0.500
Weighted Avg.	0.551	0.150	0.642	0.551	0.505	0.417	0.701	0.426

=== Confusion Matrix ===

```

  a  b  c  d  <-- classified as
22 121 22 47 | a = opel
 0 142 20 55 | b = saab
 2  52 141 23 | c = bus
 0   0  38 161 | d = van

```

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